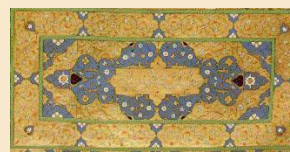
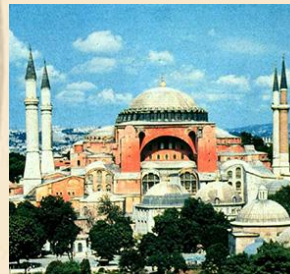




DAMASCO.



Hebrew University of Jerusalem & The Jewish National & University Library



# ن. The Rise of Islam

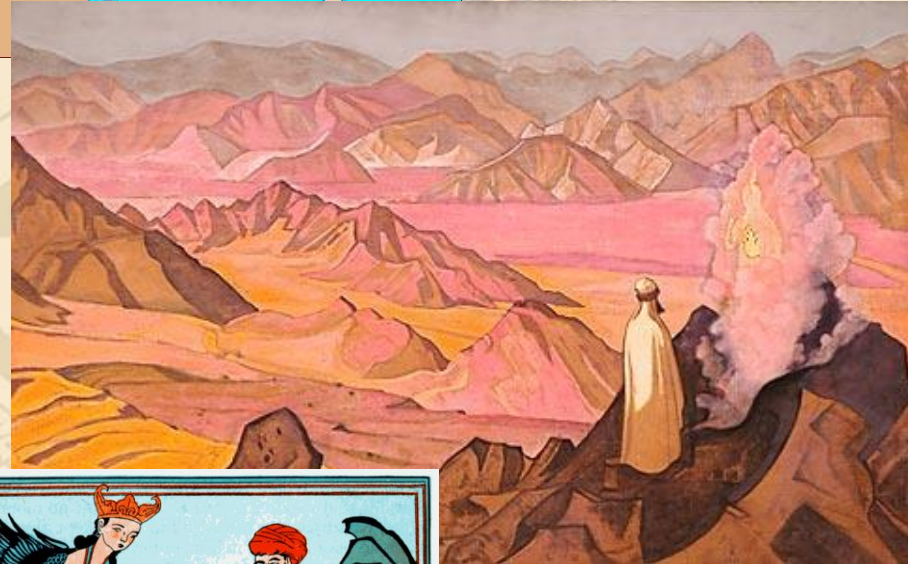
SSWH5 - Trace the origins and expansion of the Islamic World

- Explain the origins of Islam and the growth of the Islamic Empire.*
- Identify the Muslim trade routes to India, China, Europe, and Africa and assess the economic impact of this trade.*



# A. How did Islam Originate?

1. Islam originated around 610 A.D. with a man named Mohammad
2. He was from the city of Makkah (Mecca)
3. He became troubled by the greediness of some people and went to the hills to meditate
4. Allah revealed things to Mohammad through the angel Gabriel, and told Muhammad to teach what he had heard
5. Mohammad returned to Mecca and began preaching Islam, which means “surrender to God”





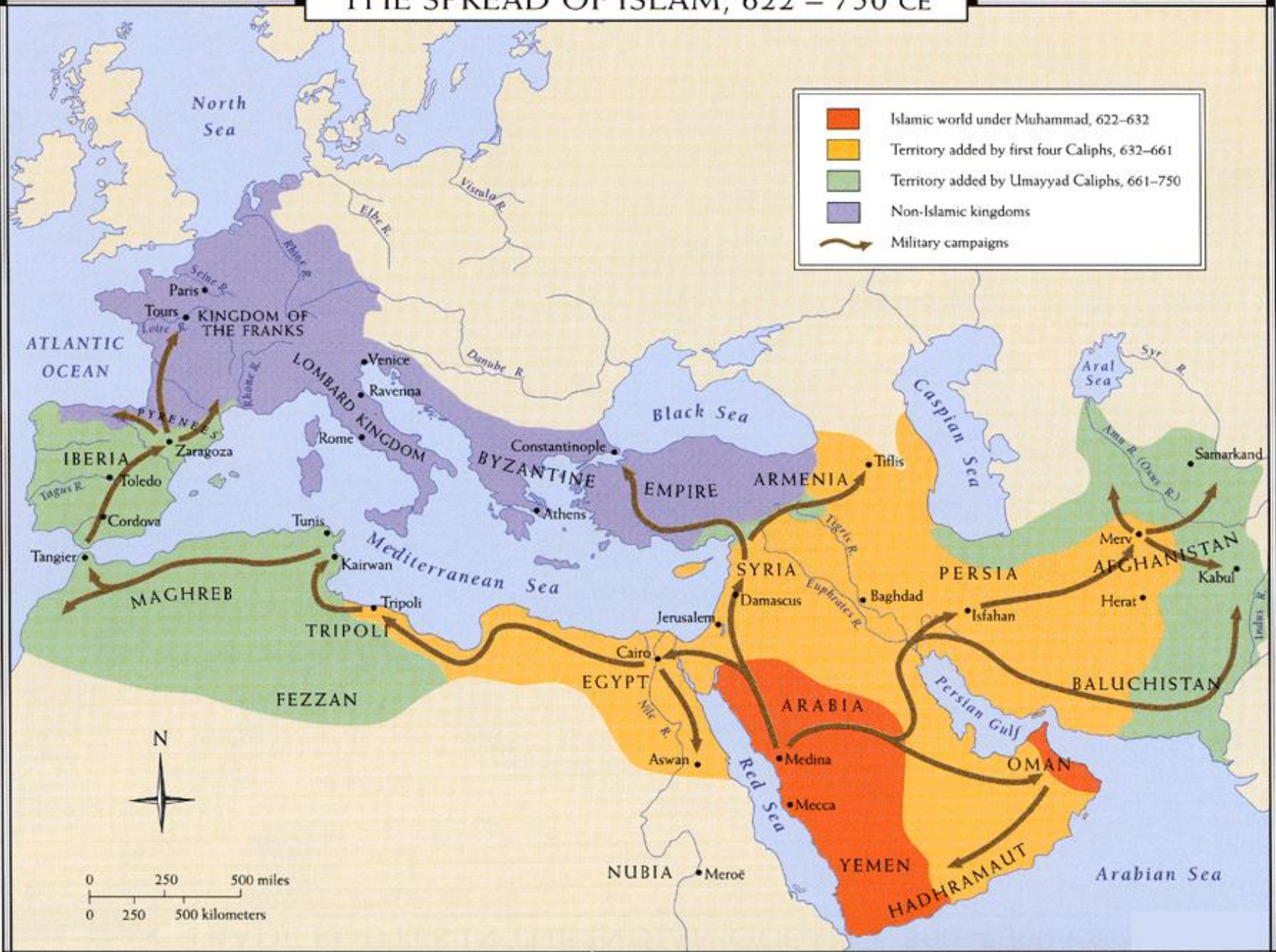
## ***How Did Islam Spread?***



1. Mohammad's teachings appealed to many people, especially the poor
2. In A.D. 622 Mohammad and his followers moved north to Yathrib (Madinah). This journey became known as hijrah.
3. In Madinah, he was accepted as leader and prophet of God and set up an Islamic government
4. To defend his new government, Mohammad built an army
5. Conquered Mecca in A.D. 630 and made it a holy city of Islam
6. Mohammad died two years later, but his empire continued to grow through teaching, conquest and trade

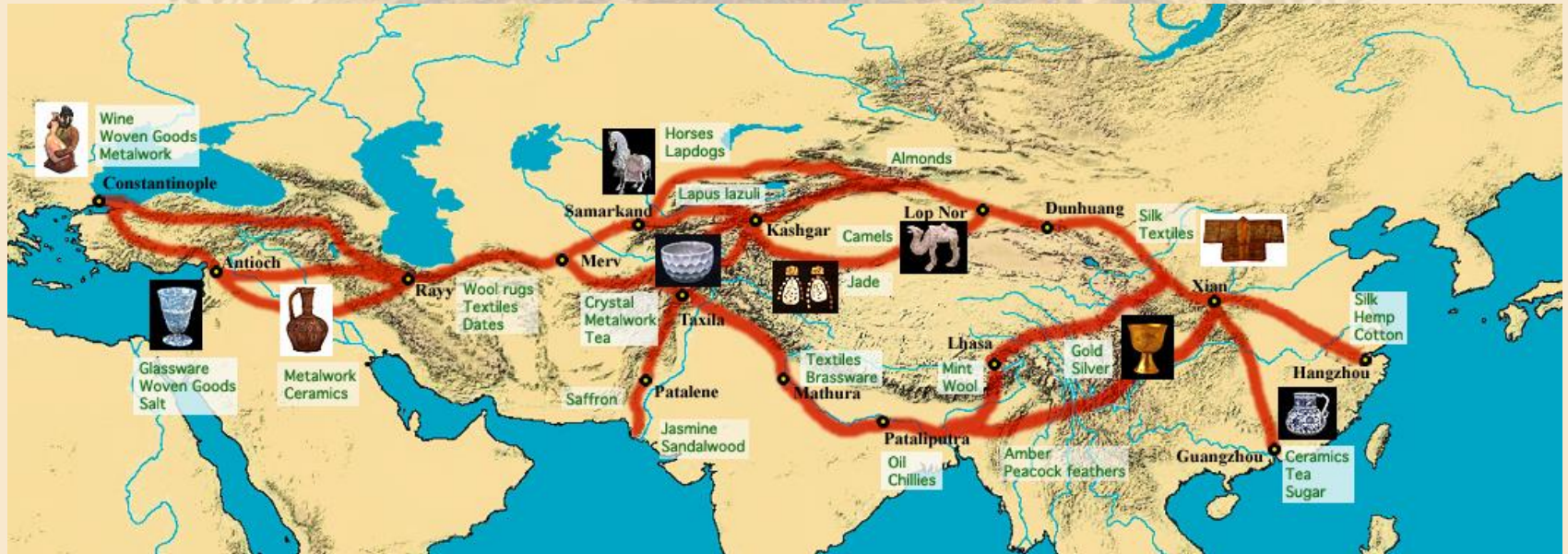


# THE SPREAD OF ISLAM, 622 – 750 CE





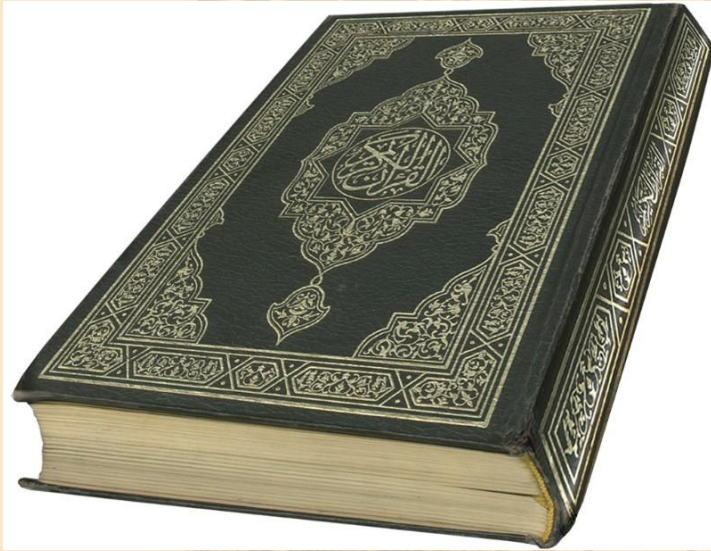
# C. Where were Muslim Trade Routes Located? What was the impact of Muslim trade?



1. Muslims were the leading merchants in the Middle East and northern Africa until the 1400s
2. They traded spices, cloth, glass, carpets and other items
3. As Islam expanded, so did the Arabic language. Arabic became the language of trade.
4. Muslim traders kept excellent records and, over time, this developed into a new business – banking.

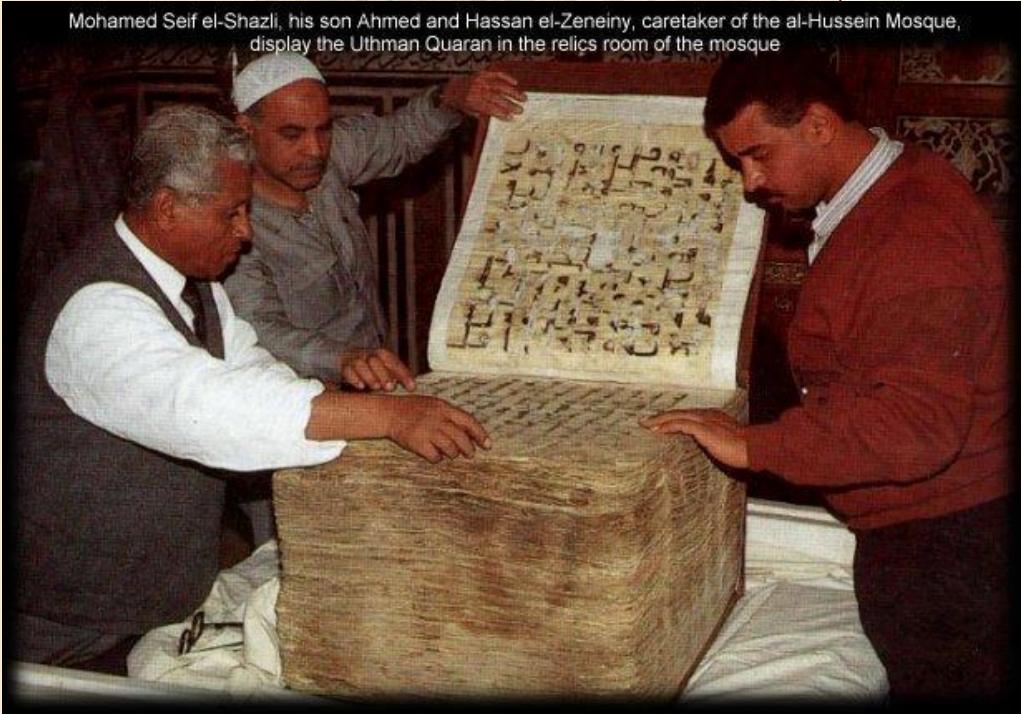


## D. The Quran



1. The holy book of **Islam**
2. Islam means “peace through submission to the will of Allah”
3. People who practice Islam are called **Muslims**
4. The Quran contains ethical guidelines and laws for Muslims

Mohamed Seif el-Shazli, his son Ahmed and Hassan el-Zeneiny, caretaker of the al-Hussein Mosque, display the Uthman Quran in the relics room of the mosque







## & The Teachings of Muhammad

1. Islam is monotheistic
2. Allah created the universe and everything in it
3. Salvation comes from submitting to the will of Allah
4. Mohammad was a prophet, and so were Jesus and Moses
5. **The Five Pillars of Islam**
  - a. There is only one god, Allah
  - b. Pray five times a day
  - c. Give to the poor
  - d. Fast during the 9<sup>th</sup> month (Ramadan)
  - e. Making a pilgrimage to Mecca once in a lifetime
6. **Shari'ah:** additional Islamic laws based on the Quran and the example set by Muhammad while he was alive

